

Novi Internal Medicine & Pediatrics

ACTIVITIES FOR TODDLERS 16 –20 MONTHS OLD

<p>Toddlers love to play in water. Put “squeezing” objects in the bathtub, such as sponges or squeeze bottles, along with dump-and-pour toys (cups, bowls).</p>	<p>Toddlers are excited about bubbles. Let your toddler try to blow bubbles or watch you blow bubbles through a straw. Bubbles are fun to pop and chase, too.</p>	<p>Pretend play becomes even more fun at this age. Encourage your toddler to have a doll or stuffed toy do what he or she does—walk, go to bed, dance, eat, and jump. Include the doll in daily activities or games.</p>	<p>Make instant pudding together. Let your toddler “help” by dumping pudding, pouring milk, and stirring. The results are good to eat or can be used for finger painting.</p>	<p>Use boxes or buckets for your toddler to throw bean bags or balls into. Practice overhand release of the ball or bean bag.</p>
<p>Play Hide and Seek. Your toddler can hide with another person or by him- or herself for you to find. Then take your turn to hide and let your toddler find you.</p>	<p>Toddlers love movement. Take him or her to the park to ride on rocking toys, swings, and small slides. You may want to hold your toddler in your lap on the swing and on the slide at first.</p>	<p>Sing action songs together such as “Ring Around the Rosey,” “Itsy-Bitsy Spider,” and “This Is the Way We Wash Our Hands.” Do actions together. Move with the rhythm. Wait for your toddler to anticipate the action.</p>	<p>Put favorite toys in a laundry basket slightly out of reach of your toddler or in a clear container with a tight lid. Wait for your toddler to request the objects, giving him or her a reason to communicate. Respond to his or her requests.</p>	<p>Your toddler may become interested in “art activities.” Use large nontoxic crayons and a large pad of paper. Felt-tip markers are more exciting with their bright colors. Let your toddler scribble his or her own picture as you make one.</p>
<p>A favorite pull toy often is a small wagon or an old purse for collecting things. Your toddler can practice putting objects in and out of it. It can also be used to store favorite items.</p>	<p>Make a picturebook by putting common, simple pictures cut from magazines into a photo album. Your toddler will enjoy photos of him- or herself and family members. Pictures of pets are favorites, too.</p>	<p>Toddlers are interested in playing with balls. Use a beach ball to roll, throw, and kick.</p>	<p>Play the “What’s that?” game by pointing to clothing, toys, body parts, objects, or pictures and asking your toddler to name them. If your toddler doesn’t respond, name it for him or her and encourage imitation of the words.</p>	<p>Fill a plastic tub with cornmeal or oatmeal. Put in kitchen spoons, strainer, measuring cups, funnels, or plastic containers. Toddlers can fill, dump, pour, and learn about textures and use of objects as tools. Tasting won’t be harmful.</p>
<p>Toddlers will begin putting objects together. Simple puzzles (separate pieces) with knobs are great. Putting keys into locks and letters into mailbox slots is fun, too.</p>	<p>Get two containers (coffee cups or cereal bowls) that look the same and a small toy. Hide the toy under one container while your toddler watches. Ask him or her, “Where did it go?” Eventually you can play the “old shell game.”</p>	<p>Help your toddler sort objects into piles. He or she can help you sort laundry (put socks in one pile and shirts in another). Play “clean up” games. Have your toddler put toys on specified shelves or boxes.</p>	<p>Save milk cartons, Jell-O boxes, or pudding boxes. Your toddler can stack them to make towers. You can also stuff grocery bags with newspapers and tape them shut to make big blocks.</p>	<p>Lay out your toddler’s clothes on the bed before dressing. Ask him or her to give you a shirt, pants, shoes, and socks. This is an easy way to learn the names of common items.</p>